

Tuesday, 7th April

Včeraj ste brali o Lizzie, ki želi na poletni tabor v Kenijo in kaj si o tem mislita njena starša. Danes si bomo ogledali kako povemo, da se bo nekaj v prihodnosti zagotovo zgodilo, da se bo morda zgodilo oziroma, da ne vemo, ali se bo zgodilo ali ne (stopnje verjetnosti v prihodnosti).

1. Za ogrevanje si oglej rešitve naloge 2b od včeraj:

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Will it be very hot in Kenya? | f. She might miss her family. She can't be sure. |
| e. Yes, it will. | |
| 2. Will there be many mosquitoes? | 6. Is Lizzie's mum sure she'll be ill? |
| h. Yes, there will. | a. No, she isn't, but it's possible. |
| 3. Will Lizzie be able to go clubbing? | 7. What will Lizzie take every day? |
| d. No, she won't. | i. Some special tablets. |
| 4. Will she like the food? | 8. What other promises does she make? |
| c. She might like it. She might not like it. | g. She'll contact her parents regularly. |
| 5. Will she feel homesick? | 9. Will Martin forget about Lizzie? |
| | b. No. He'll write to her every week. |

2. RAZMISLI: V čem je razlika med naslednjima stavkoma?

- Lizzie will contact her parents regularly.
- Lizzie might not like the food.

V katerem od obeh primerov smo prepričani v neko dejanje in v katerem nismo prepričani oziroma ne vemo?

3. V učbeniku na strani 61/ naloga 3 dopolni manjkajoče:

3 Grammar *will* and *might*

A How do you say these sentences in your language?

I'll send you lots of emails.
I promise I won't forget.

G 15c

Will in *won't* uporabljamo za izražanje obljub.

B Complete the explanations.

It'll be very hot in Kenya.
You probably won't like the food.

WILL ali ... + glagol uporabimo, kadar smo prepričani o nečem, kar se bo zgodilo v prihodnosti.
Probably in ... ali ... uporabimo, če nismo popolnoma prepričani.

Lizzie might be ill. They don't know.
She might not like it.

MIGHT ali ... + glagol uporabimo,
kadar ne vemo, kaj se bo zgodilo.

G 15b, d, 20

4. Zapiši v zvezek:

Naslov: WILL, PROBABLY WILL, MIGHT

Prepričani.

Glede na to, kako prepričani smo o nečem v prihodnosti, lahko uporabimo naslednje:

- **WILL** – kadar smo zelo prepričani oziroma kadar nekaj obljudimo.

Lizzie will contact her parents regularly (Lizzie bo redno v stiku s starši). – ker je tako obljudila, smo prepričani.

- **PROBABLY WILL** – kadar nismo popolnoma prepričani.

Lizzie **will probably** miss her boyfriend (Lizzie bo verjetno pogrešala svojega fanta). – nismo popolnoma prepričani.

Lizzie **probably won't** like the food (Lizzie verjetno ne bo všeč hrana). – nismo prepričani.

Pazi na vrstni red → v trdilnih stavkih stoji probably za will, v nikalnih pa pred won't (glej zgoraj).

Nismo prepričani.

- **MIGHT** – kadar ne vemo

Lizzie might catch malaria. (Lizzie lahko zboli za malarijo). – ne vemo, lahko se zgodi ali pa ne.

5. Bo šlo? Za vajo reši **nalogu 4A** v učbeniku na strani 61. Zapišite tudi **en stavek o tem kaj boste počeli ta teden**, uporabite vse tri oblike (will, probably, might). **Oboje mi pošlji na e-mail do jutri.**

Have a nice day. It will be sunny in the afternoon, I will probably go for a walk and I might do some gardening as well.